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CHARGES OF BLACKMAIL HURLED AT HYPHENATES BY PRESIDENT WILSON

Flings Challenge To Foreign
Influences Working For His
Downfall In Flag Day
Speech At Washington

DISLOYALTY IN U. S.
MUST BE CRUSHED

American Nation Spurns Tink-
erings By Foreigners In Our
Affairs, Shouts Executive
After Parade

WASHINGTON, June 14.—A charge that foreign born citizens of the United States are trying to levy political blackmail and to undermine the influence of the national government was made by President Wilson in a "Flag Day" speech here today. His assertion sounded the keynote of one of the foremost issues on which he will go before the country for re-election, and touched upon a platform declaration which will be submitted by the administration to the St. Louis Convention.

The President spoke before a crowd of thousands gathered at the foot of the Washington Monument, after he had reviewed for five hours a great preparedness parade at the head of which he himself had marched down Pennsylvania Avenue. He declared that not since the Civil War had it been tested as it now is being tested whether the Stars and Stripes stood for any one united purpose.

"There is disloyalty active in the United States and it must be absolutely crushed," declared the President, speaking emphatically. "It proceeds from a minority, a very small minority, but a very active and subtle minority."

He scorns hyphenates. "It works underground but it also shows its ugly head where we can see it; and there are those at this moment who are trying to levy a species of political blackmail, saying, 'do what we wish in the interest of foreign sentiment or we will wreak our vengeance at the polls.' That is the sort of thing against which the American nation will turn with a mighty triumph of sentiment which will teach these gentlemen once and for all that loyalty to this flag is the first test of tolerance in the United States."

The President's words were taken as an open challenge to foreign born Americans who, he had learned from foreign language newspapers and other sources, are opposing him for re-election. Officials close to him said he was outlining his stand on what he had determined to make a predominant issue in his campaign.

In Preparedness March
While the Democratic convention was being opened at St. Louis, Mr. Wilson devoted the entire day to the Flag Day and preparedness demonstrations. Carrying a large American flag he walked from the Capitol to the White House at the head of more than 50,000 marchers, including many high government officials, employees of all the government departments and of the Capitol's business houses, companies of cadets, national guardsmen, Union and Confederate veterans and members of commercial and social organizations.

Cabinet in Parade
The parade started from the Capitol grounds and as its head passed the White House the President dropped out and took his place in the reviewing stand. He was joined there by Secretary McAdoo, Redfield, Lane and Wilson. Postmaster General Burleson and Attorney General Gregory who had marched at the head of the employees of their departments and by Secretary Lansing. As soon as the last marchers passed the stand, five hours later, the President went to the monument grounds where his address formed the principal part of an hour's patriotic exercises.

Before he began speaking cannon fired a national salute of 21 guns and the marine band played the Star Spangled Banner while a huge flag was drawn slowly to the top of the white monument, 555 feet above the ground. Secretary Lansing presided and in introducing the President emphasized the duty of the present day Americans to preserve unsullied ideals handed down by the founders of the republic.

CHICAGO BANDIT
CAUGHT IN TOLEDO
TOLEDO, O., June 14.—Police tonight stated that they believed they have captured the bandit who several months ago held up a tourist office in the Chicago Loop district and killed Patrolman Broer Johnson.

The suspect late this afternoon entered a bank in the western outskirts of the city and at the point of a gun ordered the cashier, O. A. Waldvogel, to deliver all cash on hand. The cashier knocked down the would-be robber and held him until the arrival of the police. He gave his name as George Shelton, 32, of Colorado Springs, Col.

The officers say he answers the description sent out by the Chicago police.

COLLAPSE OF CARRANZA'S REIGN IS FORSEEN

Open Split Expected Within
Ten Days Between First
Chief And Underlings.
Washington On Alert

COMPLICATIONS ARE
AWAITED HOURLY

United States Expects Carranza's Fall To Be Followed By
Attack On American
Troops. Note Delayed

(By Review Leased Wire.)

WASHINGTON, June 14.—With all government departments closed in observance of Flag Day, there was no development here today in the Mexican situation. A few telegrams reached the war and state departments but officials said they contained nothing of importance. A message to the navy department from the west coast said a large number of Carranza troops were being transferred by water from Guaymas to Mazatlan. The reason for the movement was not reported.

Whatever is to be the outcome of the involved situation beyond the border, officials here are certain that the presence of American troops on Mexican soil is only one element, and perhaps a lesser one, among those contributing to unrest in Mexico. The real key to the situation, many of those in close touch with it believe, is the apparent collapse of the de facto government's effort to adjust the financial problem, in default of substantial foreign aid.

Money Cause of Failure
Consular representatives have indicated growing uneasiness among the Mexican people owing to the money stringency. The country has been flooded with issue after issue of worthless paper, while its diminished stock of precious metal has been squeezed again and again to find the means of paying for war material and other governmental supplies which could be procured only on a flat cash basis.

After Collapse, What?
It is evident that many officials believe the collapse of the de facto government is more to be expected than any overt act by that government against the United States. Out of such a collapse, however, it is feared there might come an ill-advised attempt to eject the American troops sent to pursue Villa and his bandits.

Peons Uninformed
With most of the population utterly ignorant of true conditions, it was pointed out that agitators might have an easy task in spreading the impression that Americans are responsible for Mexico's economic and other troubles.

Such resident Americans as they see live in comfort and plenty compared to the great mass of the native population. That in itself always has been a cause of jealousy toward Americans.

Pershing Secure
Army officers have no fear for the safety of General Pershing's men, no matter what happens. The movement of Carranza troops south from Sonora state, reported to the navy department serves to relieve further the only point at which danger to the American troops has ever been apprehended.

A considerable Carranza force has been in Sonora for some time and if hostilities against the Americans began, the natural military course would be to force Pulpit Pass and cut the expedition off from its base at Columbus. It is supposed the Sonora troops are being moved to co-operate in General Trevino's operations against bandits in Chihuahua and Durango, south of the American expedition. They would be able to reach Durango quickly from Mazatlan. This explanation if borne out would put a more encouraging aspect on the situation so far as the good faith of General Carranza's army in its police mission goes.

U. S. Reply To Be Hot
The forthcoming reply to the Mexican note demanding withdrawal of the

(Continued on page 8)

PRESIDENT WILSON SIGNS RESOLUTION INVITING LATINS TO SAN ANTONIO EXPO



President Wilson signing exposition resolution.

The joint resolution authorizing President Wilson to invite Spain and the Pan-American nations to participate in the Pan-American exposition in San Antonio, Texas, in 1918, was signed by him in the presence of three interested Texans. The exposition will celebrate the 20th anniversary of the founding of San Antonio. The President accepted the invitation of Texans to attend the exposition. Standing at the President's desk, from left to right, are Congressman Garner, Lee R. Sack, a Texas newspaper man, and Senator Morris Sheppard.

RUSSIANS GAIN 20 MILES IN AUSTRIA

Victors Approach Gates Of
Czernowitz; Austrians And
Germans Are Surrendering
By The Thousands

(By Review Leased Wire.)

LONDON, June 14.—An advance of about twenty miles by the Russians who have Czernowitz as their objective is chronicled in the latest Russian official communication. Having previously crossed the Dniester River and taken Horodenka and Zale Zaczky, the Russians have now driven their men to the left bank of the river Pruth and captured the town of Slatyn, which lies only 20 miles north of the Bukovina capital.

Nowhere on the front from the priet River in Russia and through Galicia to Bukovina has there been any cessation in the great Russian offensive. Along the entire line, according to the Russian war office, the Austrians and Germans are being driven back and the Russians still are taking thousands of prisoners and capturing guns, machine guns, and war supplies. In the seven days drive 1,750 officers and 120,000 men and 130 guns and 250 machine guns have been captured. The latest advances from the Austro-Italian war theatre credit the Italians with repulsing violent Austrian attacks on the Bosnia front northwest of Schio.

It is anticipated in London that David Lloyd George will take the place of the late Earl Kitchener as British Secretary for the war.

WILSON WANTS AMERICANISM IN PLATFORM

President Condemns Political
Party Modifying Platform
To Suit Foreign Influences

(By Review Leased Wire.)

WASHINGTON, June 14.—President Wilson today approved a plank on Americanism for the Democratic national platform which arraigns individuals or alliances seeking to embarrass the government in negotiations with foreign nations, and condemns any political party which modifies its policy for fear of political consequences.

The President decided to challenge openly Americans of alien birth opposing his foreign policies. Mr. Wilson sent word to his personal representatives in St. Louis to make the plank on Americanism direct and unequivocal. The plank on Americanism drawn partially here and partially in St. Louis, had been completed tonight and was ready for submission to the resolutions committee of the convention. It was taken for granted that it would be embodied in the platform.

Foreign born Americans are severely criticized for interfering in behalf of foreign nations. The plank denounces men who seek to interfere with American institutions by political organizations under foreign influence. Reports that efforts were to be made at St. Louis to put into the platform a declaration in favor of an embargo on arms, and other proposals which the President considers unnecessary to strengthen Mr. Wilson in his determination to meet the so-called hyphenate issues as conclusively as possible. The President kept in close touch with the situation at St. Louis today in spite of a series of activities which made his day unusually strenuous.

Thousands of Women Form Rifle Clubs in Sonora And Pledge Services to Resist Intervention

(By Review Leased Wire.)

DOUGLAS, Ariz., June 14.—Mrs. Rosaura V. de Tovar, president of the Sonora Women's Rifle Association, received a letter from Governor Adolfo de la Huerta of Sonora today, accepting her offer of the services of the two thousand members of the association as soldiers in case of American intervention. The governor thanked her for the spirit of patriotism exhibited by the offer which had been accepted by a list of the names of the members of the association. He said that in event of invasion, he felt certain the women of Sonora would give a good account of themselves as they had when they aided their husbands and fathers in driving out the French at Guaymas, and in repelling attempted filibuster by Americans in times past.

General Arnulfo Gomez, commanding northern Sonora during the absence of General P. Elias Calles, the commander in chief of the Sonora army, has appointed instructors who will teach the women to shoot, in the

score or more of towns in which branches of the association have been organized.

Douglas Mexicans Apply.

A number of prominent Mexican residents of Douglas visited General Gomez yesterday, Consul Ives G. Levelev said, and expressed the wish to organize a rifle club. General Gomez refused to allow it unless they changed their residence to Agua Prieta. He called their attention to the likelihood of stirring up trouble if their activities become known in Douglas. As the delegation refused to change their place of residence, their petition was definitely refused.

The men of Nacozari, Cananea and other Sonora towns are also organizing rifle clubs, according to the statement of Consul Levelev. Instructors have been appointed for these by General Gomez.

PEACE AND PREPAREDNESS IS KEYNOTE OF DEMOCRATS UPON OPENING OF BIG CONVENTION

AMERICANISM TO BE FEATURE OF DEMOCRATIC PLATFORM

President's Speech on Hyphenates May Be Inserted, Not Aiming, of Course, At Foreign Born Neutrals

TARIFF COMMISSION
URGED AS PLANK

Eight Hour Day Among Lab-
or Planks Proposed. Bryan
Threatens To Take Stump
For Wilson

(By Review Leased Wire.)

ST. LOUIS, June 14.—President Wilson's plank on Americanism for the Democratic platform, practically charging conspiracy by some foreign born citizens to influence foreign and internal affairs for the benefit of other governments, and condemning any organization countenancing such movements as well as any political party, which by failure to repudiate such a conspiracy, receives the benefit of it as the ballot box was telegraphed here tonight from Washington and placed before Democratic leaders.

As the resolutions committee which will draft the platform and pass on the plank was engaged at a late hour tonight in continuing public hearings of persons urging various declarations in the platform, the plank which has the President's approval and which promises to be the sensation of the Democratic platform was not formally considered and probably will not be until tomorrow when the sub-committee which makes the final draft of the platform has its meeting.

Platform Secret.
There was very guarded talk about the President's plank tonight because all the leaders agreed that practically everything depended upon the phrasing in which the plank finally found its way into the platform and they did not propose to risk any leaks which might prove embarrassing later. The convention's boundless enthusiasm today whenever the issue of Americanism was touched upon gave evidence that the President's plank would go into the platform in some form, but it is certain to be the subject of extended and careful deliberation.

Bryan May Stump.

While the resolutions committee was in session tonight, Samuel A. King, of Utah, arose and made this statement:

"I called on William J. Bryan today and asked if he would submit any plank. He replied, 'I have no plank to offer but one and that is the President's. Determine what he wants and his plank will be mine. I expect to go before the people in his behalf on your report.' It was understood tonight that from the following ten men will be chosen the sub-committee of eight which will put the platform

(Continued on Page Eight.)

This Policy, Says Glynn of New York, May Not Suit Fire Eaters And War Jingoists, But It Has Kept America Out Of War And Upon It Wilson Will Stand Or Fall With The Democratic Party. No Issue Must Cloud It

DEMONSTRATION FOR WILSON LASTS
ALMOST HALF AN HOUR AT COLISEUM

Speaker Cheered To Echo On Americanism Speech. Glynn Points To Prosperity Of Nation, To Maize Of Legislation Betterment, While Bryan Weeps Great Sobs And Suffragettes Languish Outside The Door Of Democracy

WARRING YAQUIS 100 MILES SOUTH

Numerous Bands Roaming
Unhindered Through Sonora,
Butchering Captives After Torturing Them

(By Review Leased Wire.)

DOUGLAS, Ariz., June 14.—At least a score of bands of Yaqui Indians, numbering from ten to fifty members, are operating along the Sonora river, about one hundred miles south of the border, according to Americans arriving today. Several bands have crossed the river and are now in the hills to the west of Moctezuma, further north than they have come in force at any time in the past.

Within the last two weeks one band of Yaquis led by a renegade Mexican known as "Huero," has murdered eight Mexicans, wood cutters and miners in the vicinity of Huepac, on the Sonora River. Four men were slowly hacked to bits by knives.

In no case was death inflicted immediately without torture. One prisoner, who escaped, brought word to Huepac that the Mexican Huero directed the killing and seemed to take childish delight in the sufferings of his victims. The little towns in the southern part of Moctezuma and Arispe district are begging for soldiers, but thus far little attention has been paid to them and the concentration of troops toward the north continues, the Americans say.

People in the southern part of the state are pouring into the larger towns in the two districts, afraid or in any kind of vehicle they could command, abandoning everything except the few articles they could carry away. Renewed reports of Yaqui activity in the northern part of the Alamos district today indicate the failure of the campaign of the de facto troops in southern Sonora.

TO NAME NATIONAL CHAIRMAN OF G. O. P.

Crane Of Massachusetts Is
Favored. Hughes Man-
ager Yet Unselected

(By Review Leased Wire.)

NEW YORK, June 14.—Charles D. Hilles' successor as chairman of the Republican national committee will be selected in all likelihood, at a conference here next Monday between Charles E. Hughes, the presidential nominee, M. Murray Crane, of Massachusetts, chairman of the national sub-committee on organization and as many of the other seven members of the sub-committee as can be present. Arrangements for the conference were made late today by Mr. Crane. It also was announced that the manager of the Hughes campaign probably will be selected at that time and the personnel of the executive committee will be discussed. The sub-committee is empowered to name the chairman and the executive committee.

In pursuance of his policy of refraining from discussing political affairs, Mr. Hughes declined to say tonight whether he had made a tentative choice. Mr. Crane also declined to comment on the situation.

GERMAN CREW SAVED.

AMSTERDAM, June 15, via London. "During the night of June 13 the German auxiliary cruiser Herzmann was attacked by four Russian destroyers in the night southeast of Stockholm. After a courageous resistance the vessel was set afire by shells and was blown up by her crew. The commander and most of the crew were saved."

(By Review Leased Wire.)
ST. LOUIS, June 14.—The Democratic national convention at its first session today heard the keynote of Americanism and peace, preparedness and prosperity sounded by Governor Glynn of New York, as temporary chairman, and with a high pitch of enthusiasm emphatically registered by demonstration after demonstration, its approval of President Wilson's peaceful conduct of foreign affairs.

The convention, which had gotten under way with such perfunctory demonstrations as mark every national gathering of the kind soon stirred itself into roaring cheers as Chairman Glynn cited historic parallels to show that other presidents, including Republicans had adjusted threatening foreign situations without resort to war.

All American.
"The policy of the administration," he declared, "has been just as American as the American flag itself." He went down the lists of presidents recounting their action to avoid war, the delegates catching the spirit of his argument and as he referred to each particular president some delegate would call: "What did he do?" "He settled the trouble by negotiation," was the reply which Glynn invariably returned and the convention would roar its approval.

Bryan Weeps.
William J. Bryan, as a newspaper correspondent in the press stand, wept with emotion as Glynn pictured the victories of peace, but he laughed with the crowd when a Texas delegate interrupting Glynn leaped to his chair and cried: "And don't forget that policy also is satisfactory to William Jennings Bryan."

Wilson Demonstration.
Aside from a sixteen-minute demonstration when Chairman Glynn predicted President Wilson's re-election, Glynn's speech was sprinkled with demonstrations which he found it difficult to stem, so he could go on. It was plain that the telling points on the delegates were the recital of President Wilson's efforts to keep the country at peace.

Raps Jingoists.
"This policy," he said, "may not satisfy the fire eaters and the swash-bucklers but it does satisfy the mothers of the land at whose hearth and fireside no jingoistic war has placed an empty chair. It does satisfy the daughters of this land from whom bluster and brag have sent no loving brother to the dissolution of the grave."

Drowned by Cheers.

The last of the words were drowned in a roar of applause that swept the Coliseum.

"Repeat it," cried the delegates, "repeat it."

"All right, be quiet and I'll repeat it," responded Glynn and he did to applause and cheering.

No other president since the Civil war, Glynn told the convention, had faced such crucial problems, none had displayed a grasp of statesmanship more profound.

Stands on Record.
"Whether the course the country has pursued during this crucial period is to be continued and whether the principles that have been asserted as our national policy shall be endorsed or withdrawn," Glynn told the convention, was the paramount question for the voter to decide. "No lesser issue must cloud it," said he, "no unrelated problems must confuse it."

Adjourn to 11 A. M.
After hearing the keynote speech the convention adjourned until 11 o'clock tomorrow. Committees then went into session to prepare their work for the session.

12,000 Attend.
Today the Big Coliseum holding about 12,000 people, practically was stantly rising temperature it was fairly comfortable. On their way to the convention hall the delegates passed along twelve blocks of Locust street, the most traveled route to the Coliseum. The suffragettes seated on chairs, ranged along the curbs were arrayed in white and yellow and held yellow parasols. The waving lines of the yellow gave the demonstration the popular name "golden lane."